

ESPcopter SDK
1.2.2 (Beta)

07.04.2021

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Frequently Asked Questions:

1. How can I open the ESPcotper?

You can open ESPcopter with switch that is on the rear side of Board

2. How to connect ESPcopter to my computer or Smart Phone?

You can connect via wifi connection. Wifi name: "ESPcopter" Password: "123456789"

3. How to charge ESPcopter?

The ESPcopter will charge when connected to the micro-usb. The switch on the ESPcopter must be in the off position to charge. Red Light indicates that ESPcopter currently charging

4. Where is the font direction of ESPcopter?

Green led indicates font direction of ESPcopter

5. How to fly my ESPcopter with Smart phone or Computer?

After Wi-Fi connection, you can fly ESPcopter with phone app that is RemoteXY. Another option to the fly ESPcopter is web site program. You can reach web site program with searching 192.168.4.1 on your web browser.

For other questions and comments you can send an e-mail:

espcopter@gmail.com

Have any questions? For more information, visit our community site at <http://espcopter.com/community/> or ask us in our Facebook group (Link below)!

Like and Follow us:

Instagram: <https://www.instagram.com/espcopter/>

Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/espcopter/>

Website: <http://espcopter.com/>

Twitter: <https://twitter.com/ESPcopter>

1-) General Review

1.1-) Internal Features of the ESPcopter:

- 

260mAh Li-Po battery
up to 6 minutes flight
time
- 

Around 35g and about
90mm motor to motor
- 

Full charge in 45 minutes
with USB connection



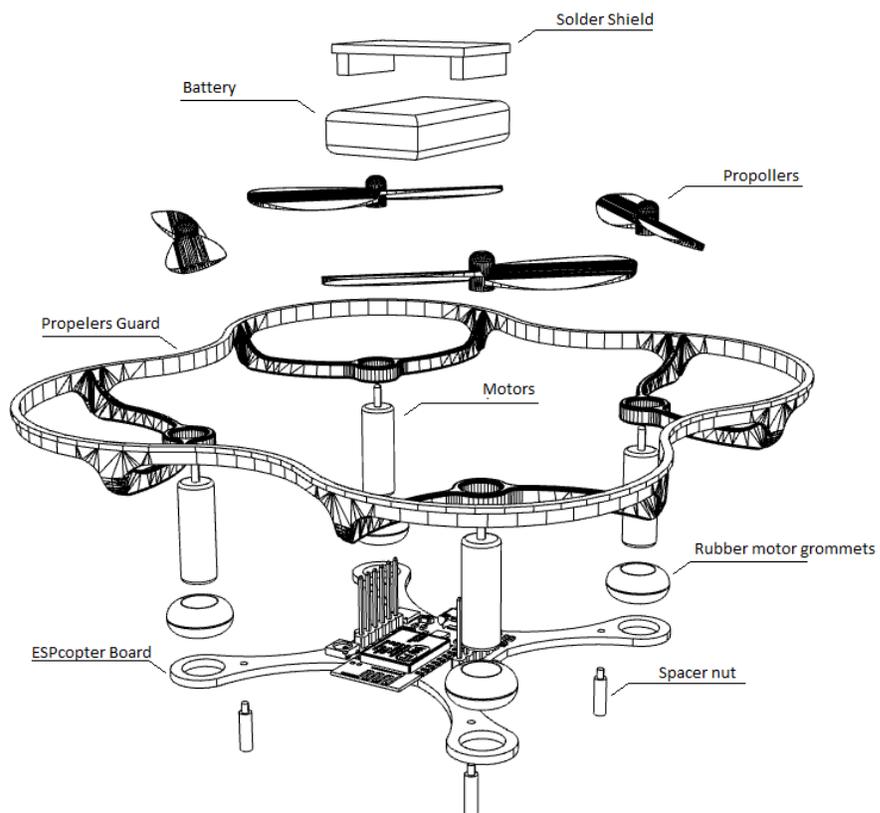
- 

ESP8266-12S
32-bit 160MHz
- 

IEEE 802.11 b/g/n
Wi-Fi connection
- 

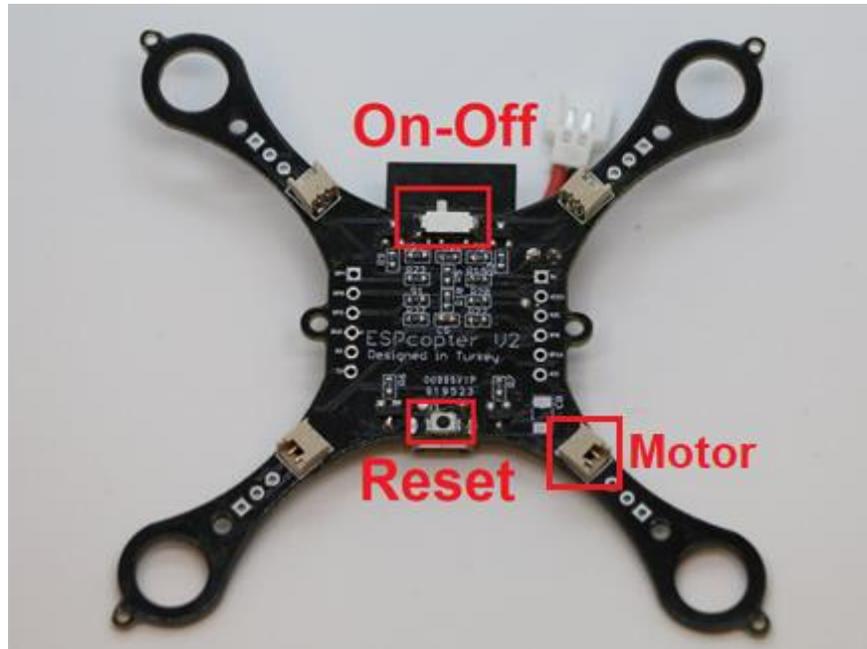
3- axis Gyro,
accelerometer &
magnetometer

1.2-) ESPcopter Assembly Sequence:



1.3-) ESPcopter Switch and Button

- The button is used to reset ESPcopter MCU
- The switch is used to open and close ESPcopter



1.4-) How to Charge the ESPcopter:

The ESPcopter will charge when connected to the micro-usb. The switch on the ESPcopter must be in the off position to charge. Red Light indicates that ESPcopter currently charging



1.5-) Pinout and Propeller and Motor Directions

When installing in accordance with the letters on the propellers, the motors must be fitted according to the cable colors.

Engine positions:

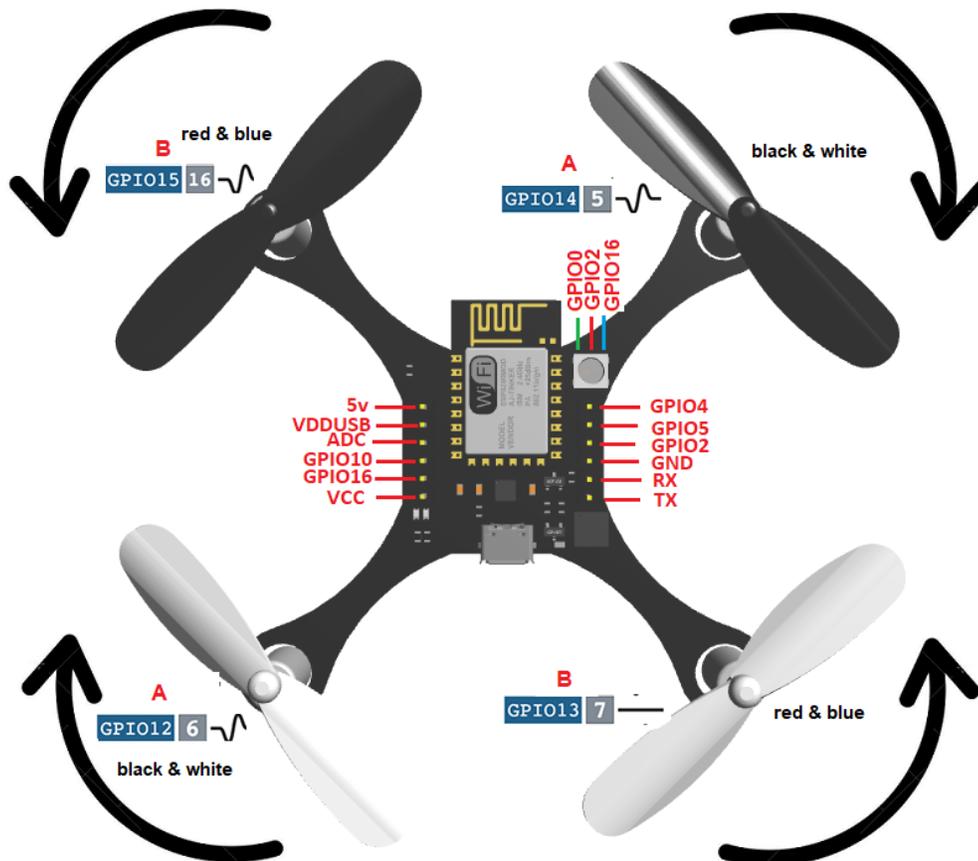
Left Front: B - Red, Blue

Right Front: A - Black, White

Left Rear: A – Black, White

Right Rear: B – Red, Blue

ESPCOPTER DEVELOPMENT BOARD PINOUT



■ POWER	■ SP. FUNCTION(S)
■ I/O	■ COMM. INTERFACE
■ ADC	■ PIN NUMBER
■ CONTROL	PWM
■ N/C	

NOTES:

- ▲ Typ. pin current 6mA (Max. 12mA)
- ▲ For sleep mode, connect GPIO16 and EXT_RSTB. On wakeup, GPIO16 will output LOW for system reset.
- ▲ On boot/reset/wakeup, keep GPIO15 LOW and GPIO2 HIGH.

1.6-) ESPcopter Control Methods:

	Phone	Computer	Rc Remote
Device:			
Platform:	 Android iOS	 Windows Linux MacOS	
Communication Method:	 Wi-fi	 Wi-fi	 Bluetooth RF
Control Method:	 touch Gyro	 Klavje Mouse Joystick	
App:	 RemoteXY	 Processing	

1.7-) ESPcopter Default Wifi Information:

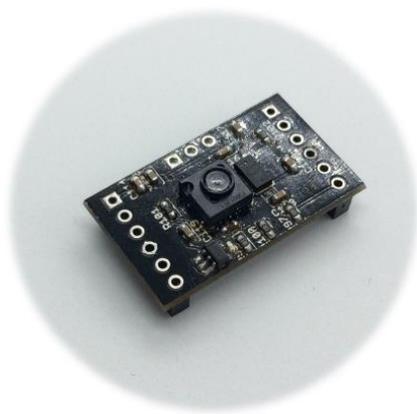
SSID: ESPcopter

Pass: 123456789

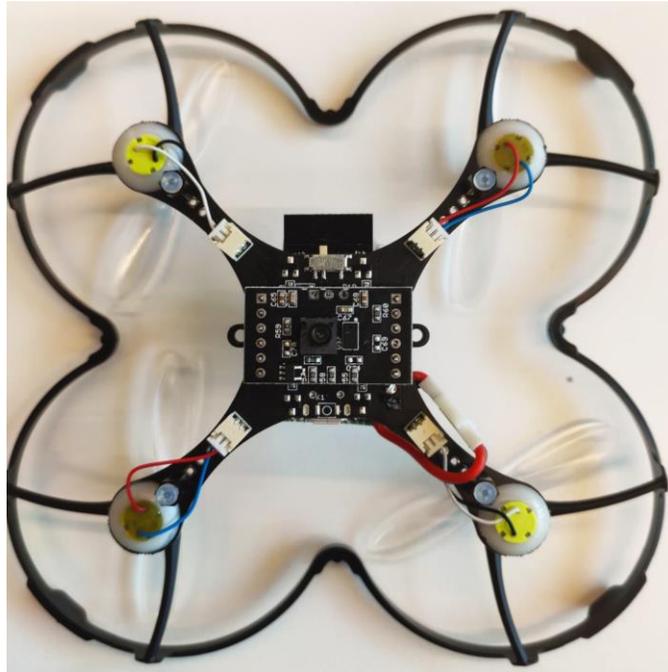
2-) ESPcopter Development modules:

2.1-) Optic Flow Module:

Optic flow module understands the drone's movement via processing the images of the ground. In this way drone can stay in the same location or it can move autonomously.



2.1.1-) Optical Flow Module Connection:



Note: Module direction is important. It should be connected as picture.

2.1-) Multi-Ranger Module:

There are 4 laser sensors on drone. Those sensors can understand the distance up to 1 meter. With the help of this you can make anti-collision system, hand control system, autonomous flight system etc.



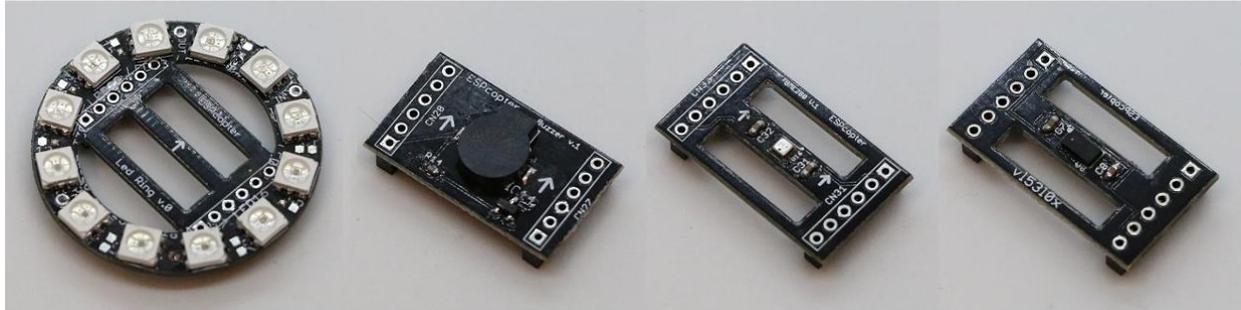
2.3-) Other Modules:

ESPcopter Neopixel Module

ESPcopter Buzzer Module

ESPcopter Temperature, Pressure and Humidity Module

ESPcopter Altitude Hold Module



2.3.1-) ESPcopter Neopixel Module:

There are 12 NeoPixels in this circular card. It can connect to the ESPcopter's top input pins. You can use the NeoPixel module to make various light shows while flying with the ESPcopter.

2.3.2-) ESPcopter Buzzer Module:

There is one buzzer in the buzzer module. It can connect to the ESPcopter's top input pins. You can play music through the Buzzer module when you are not flying, and you can hear the warning sounds when you fly.

2.3.3-) ESPcopter Temperature Pressure and Humidity module:

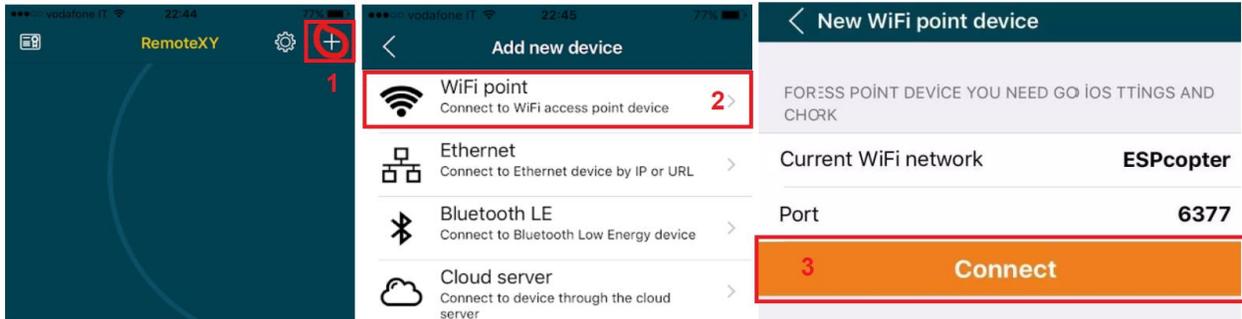
This module has one BEM280 sensor. It can connect to the ESPcopter's top input pins. You can use this module to record weather data while flying or you can send these data to your phone or computer over the internet in your IoT project.

3-) ESPcopter Control Application (RemoteXY):

3.1-) Connection:

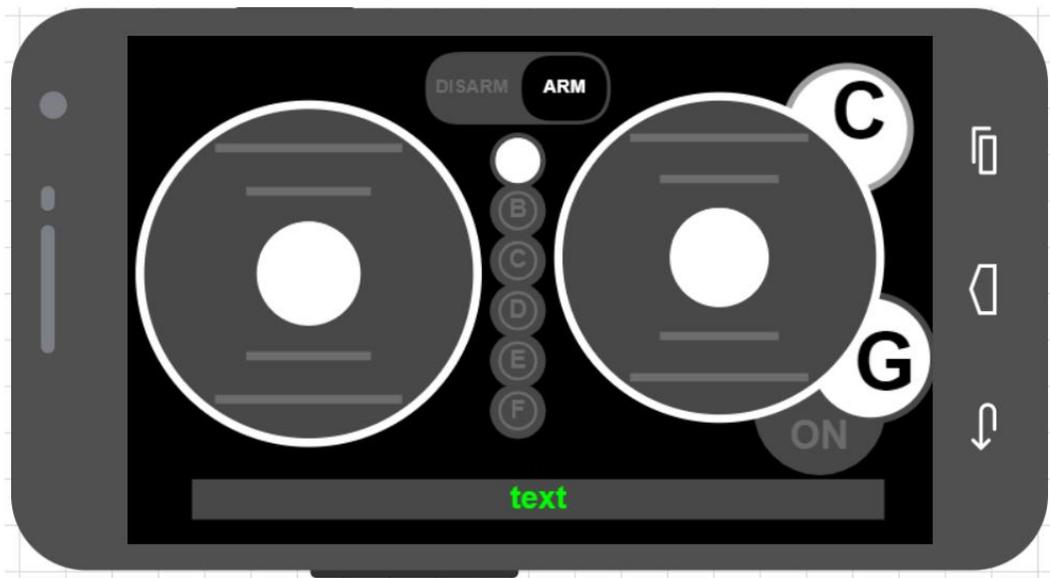
After installing the RemoteXY application on your phone, turn ESPcopter on and connect your phone and ESPcopter via wifi network.

After you make the connection, open RemoteXY and do following steps.

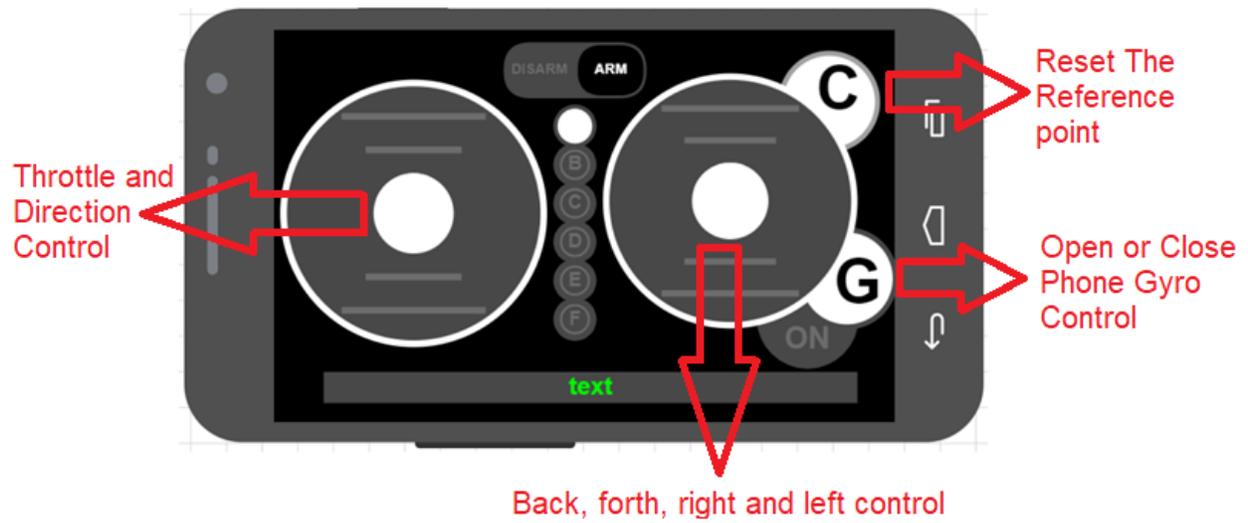


After making the connection, the screen below will open automatically.

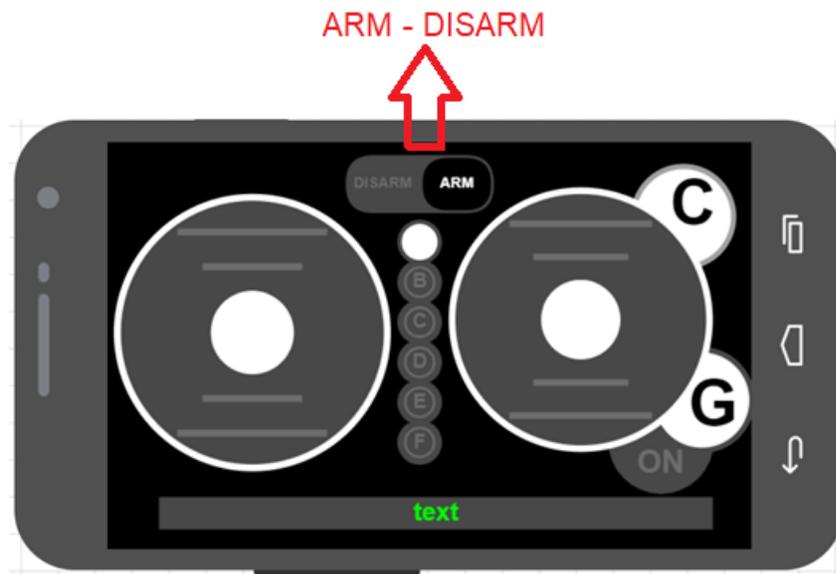
After the first connection. There will be ESPcopter box in RemoteXY app. You can connect ESPcopter by clicking this box.



3.1-) Control Review:



Joysticks:

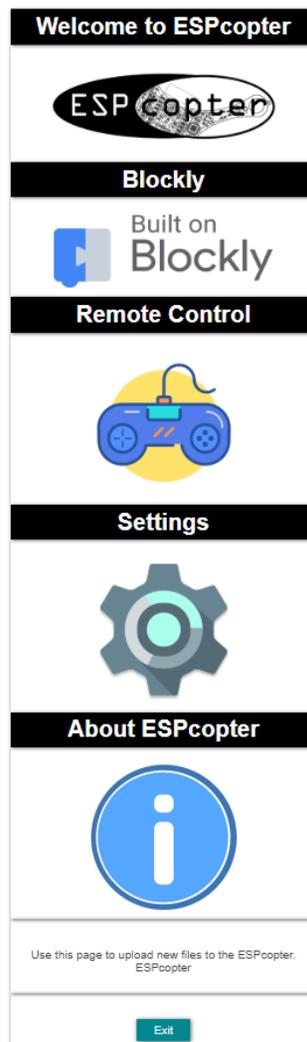


- Free Flight(All mode is inactive)
- Direction stabilization mode
- Altitude Hold Mode
- B and C Mode
- Optical Flow stabilization mode
- B, C and E Mode

4-) ESPcopter Web Interface:

Thanks to the ESPcopter website, you can control the ESPcopter from your phone tablet and computer without any application installation and program it wirelessly thanks to the blocks. Follow the following steps to control the ESPcopter with the Web Interface.

1. Login to the site by typing `http://192.168.4.1` into the Chrome web browser Search bar.
2. The ESPcopter website will open automatically.

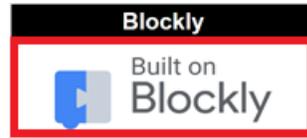


With this web interface;

- You can open the block programming interface
- You can open the web control interface
- You can change some drone settings such as Wi-Fi password in settings section.

4.1-) Block Programming with Web Interface:

You can open the web blockly control interface by clicking the blockly icon from the web interface



You can code ESPcopter wirelessly with Blocks

- **Simple Flight Code:**

```
Take Off
wait 5 seconds
Land
```

- **Led Control Code:**

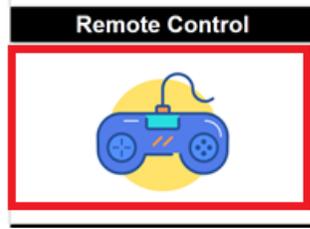
```
repeat 3 times
do
  Set blue Led To true
  wait 1 seconds
  Set blue Led To false
  wait 1 seconds
```

- **Motor Control Code:**

```
Arm Control true
set motor speed to 50
Set Front Left Motor speed to motor speed
wait 1 seconds
Set Front Right Motor speed to motor speed
wait 1 seconds
Set Rear Left Motor speed to motor speed
wait 1 seconds
Set Rear Right Motor speed to motor speed
wait 1 seconds
Arm Control false
```

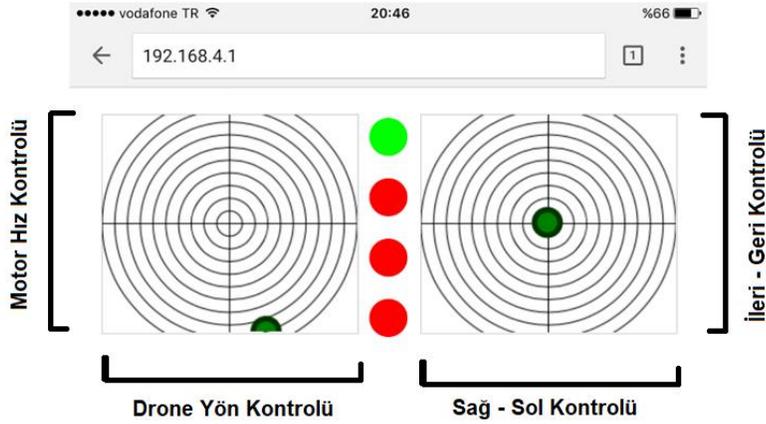
4.2-) Web Interface Control Controller:

You can open the web control by clicking on the remote control icon from the web interface

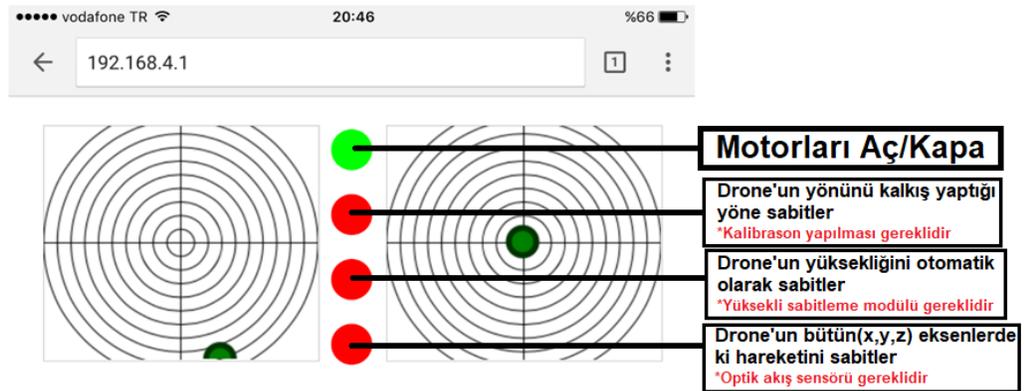


4.2.1-) Control Review:

Joysticks Review:

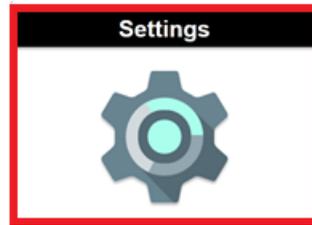


Buttons:



4.3-) Web Interface Settings:

You can open your settings page by clicking the setting icon from the web interface:



You can change the ESPcopter wifi name and password via the settings page.

A screenshot of the ESPcopter web interface. It has a black header with "Welcome to ESPcopter" in white. Below is the ESPcopter logo, which consists of the text "ESPcopter" in a stylized font inside a black oval with a globe-like pattern. Underneath the logo is a black bar with "SSID and Password" in white. Below this bar are two input fields: "SSID" and "Password", followed by a "Change" button. At the bottom is another black bar with "Remote Control" in white.

4.5-) Web Interface Information:

You can open your information page by clicking the information icon from the web interface:



5-) Software:

5.1-) Arduino Installation:

Download and install the latest version from the Arduino web site:

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software>

Download the Arduino IDE



The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE download page for version 1.8.8. On the left, there is a circular logo with a minus sign and a plus sign. To the right of the logo, the text reads: **ARDUINO 1.8.8**. Below this, it states: "The open-source Arduino Software (IDE) makes it easy to write code and upload it to the board. It runs on Windows, Mac OS X, and Linux. The environment is written in Java and based on Processing and other open-source software. This software can be used with any Arduino board. Refer to the Getting Started page for installation instructions." On the right side of the page, there are several download options: "Windows Installer, for Windows XP and up", "Windows ZIP file for non admin install", "Windows app Requires Win 8.1 or 10" with a "Get" button, "Mac OS X 10.8 Mountain Lion or newer", "Linux 32 bits", "Linux 64 bits", and "Linux ARM". At the bottom right, there are links for "Release Notes", "Source Code", and "Checksums (sha512)".

5.2-) Driver Installation:

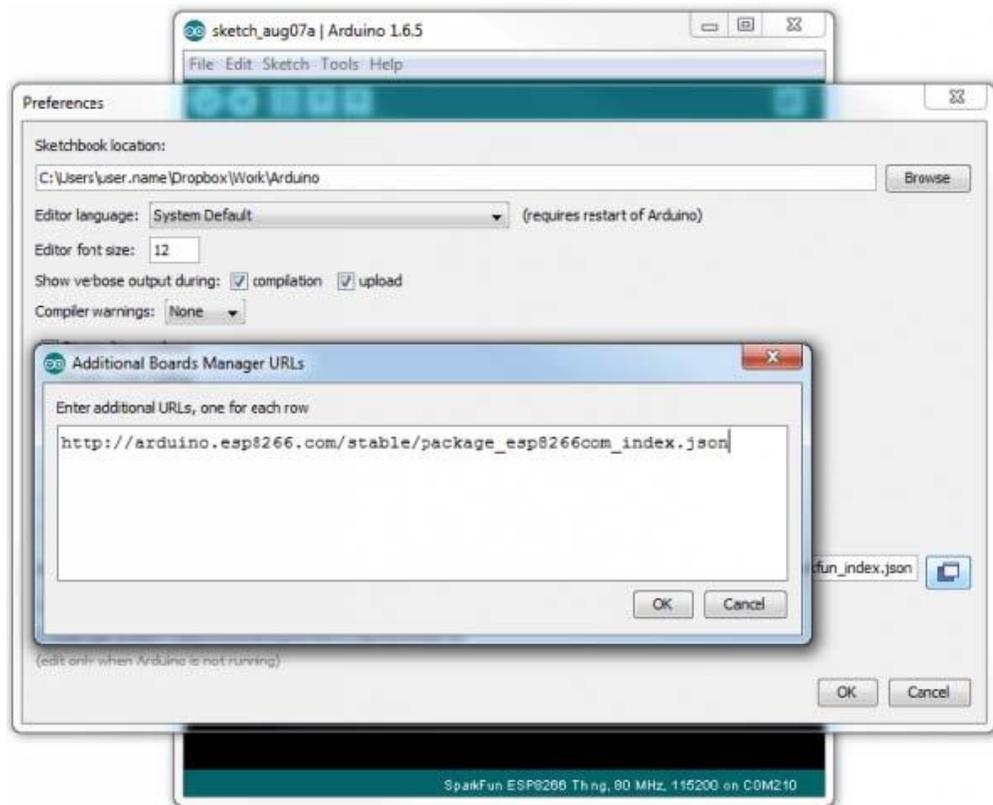
The following driver is required for the ESPcopter to be recognized by the computer. Download and install the appropriate driver version for your OS.

<https://www.silabs.com/products/development-tools/software/usb-to-uart-bridge-vcp-drivers>

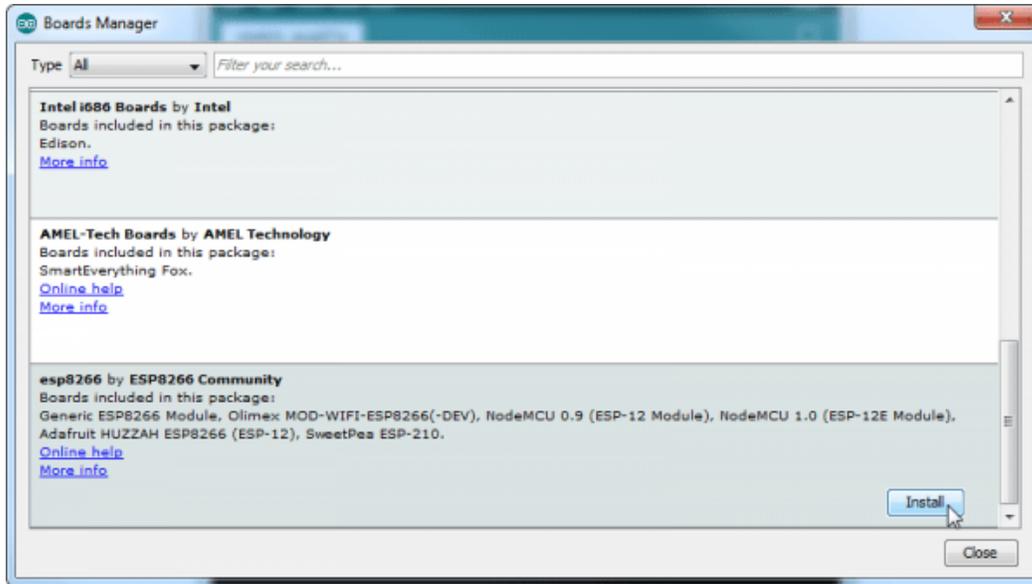
5.3-) ESP8266 Library

To begin, we'll need to update the board manager with a custom URL. Open up Arduino, then go to the Preferences (File> Preferences). Then, towards the bottom of the window, copy this URL into the "Additional Board Manager URLs" text box:

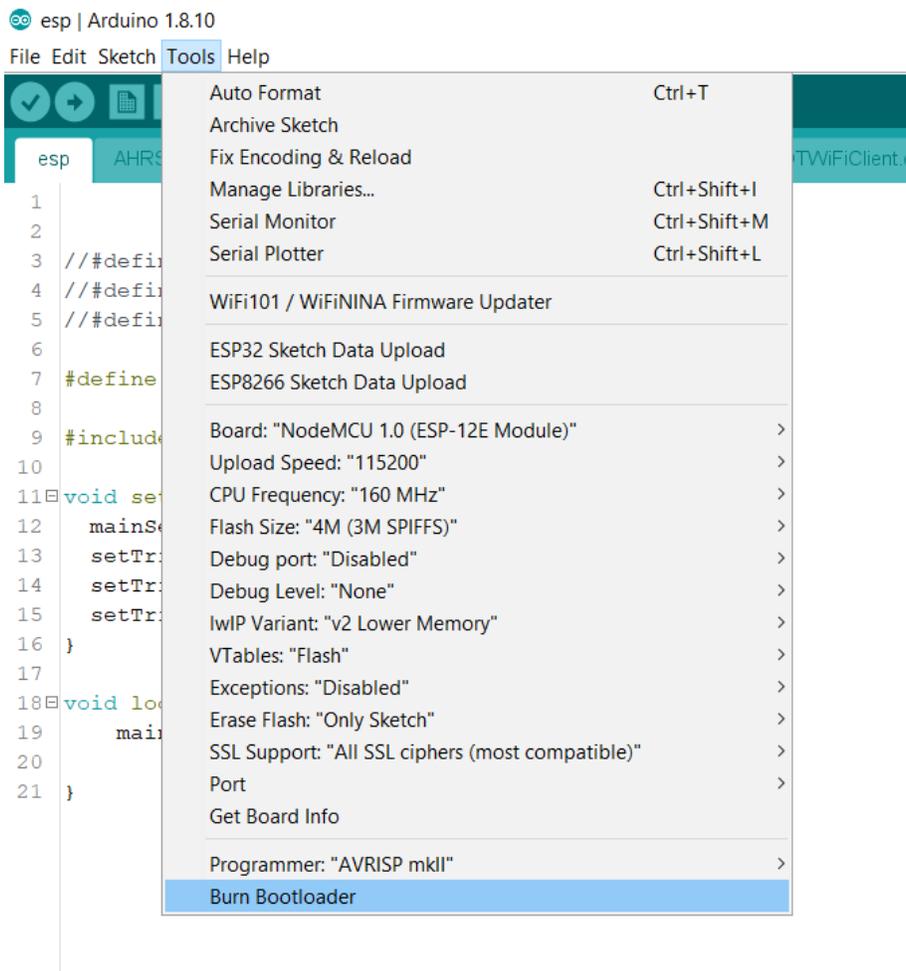
http://arduino.esp8266.com/stable/package_esp8266com_index.json



Hit OK. Then navigate to the Board Manager by going to **Tools > Boards > Boards Manager**. There should be a couple new entries in addition to the standard Arduino boards. Look for esp8266. Click on that entry, then select Install. You need to install **latest** version of esp8266 library.



The download process can take up to 10 minutes depending on your internet speed. After the download is done, select NodeMCU 1.0 from the **Tools** tab and follow the other settings.



5.4-) Downloading the ESPcopter library:

Before downloading the code from the website, you must use the contacts page to request source code. See the following site: <http://espcopter.com/code-release/>

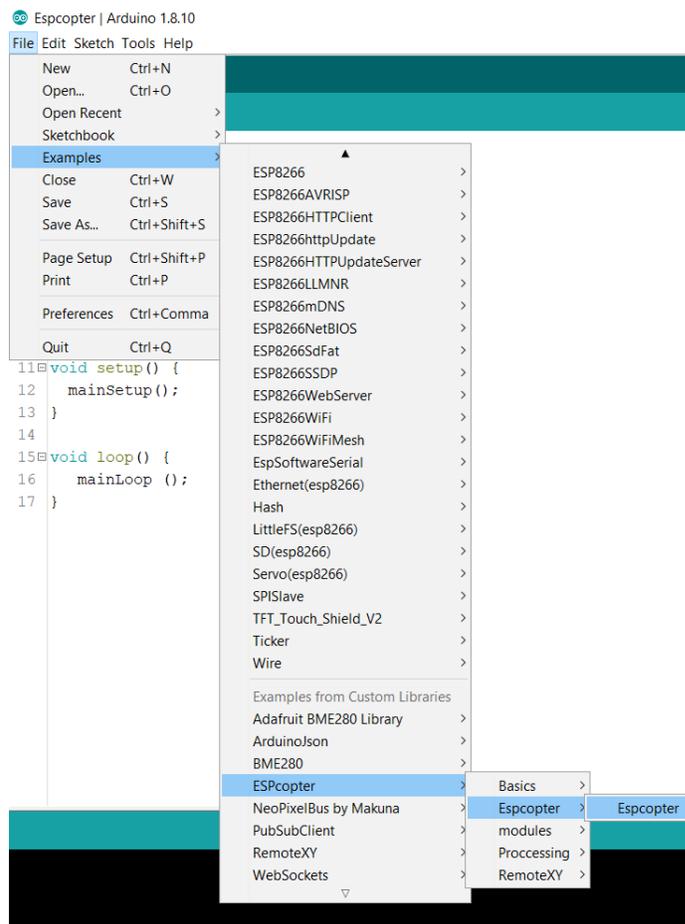
Code

DOWNLOAD ESPCOPTER ARDUINO CODE

Version 1.0.0 Beta - 13.03.2019

After downloading, remove the zip file twice and put the file (ESPcopter "(Files> Arduino> Library) into the file. In the Examples section you will see the sample codes of the ESPcopter.

Open the following example program:



5.5-) Spiffs Memory Updater Installation:

5.5.1-) What is Spiffs Memory?

Flash File System (SPIFFS) is a SPI Flash (64kBytes to 3Mbyte) In this flash memory ESP stores the program. This filing system can be used to store infrequently changing data such as; web pages, configurations, sensor calibration data etc.

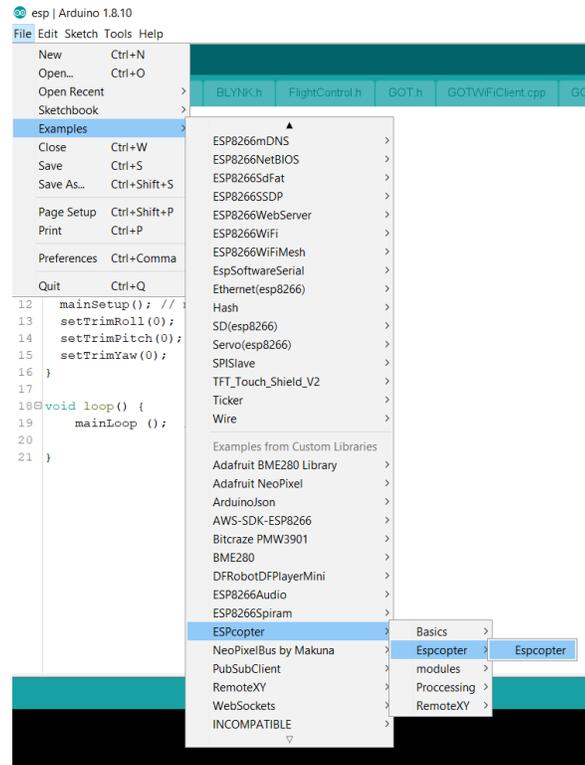
5.5.1-) Install Spiffs Memory Uploader?

- Download the tool: <https://github.com/esp8266/arduino-esp8266fs-plugin/releases/download/0.5.0/ESP8266FS-0.5.0.zip>
- In your Arduino sketchbook directory, create `tools` directory if it doesn't exist yet.
- Unpack the tool into `tools` directory (the path will look like `<home_dir>/Arduino/tools/ESP8266FS/tool/esp8266fs.jar`) If upgrading, overwrite the existing JAR file with the newer version.
- Restart Arduino IDE.

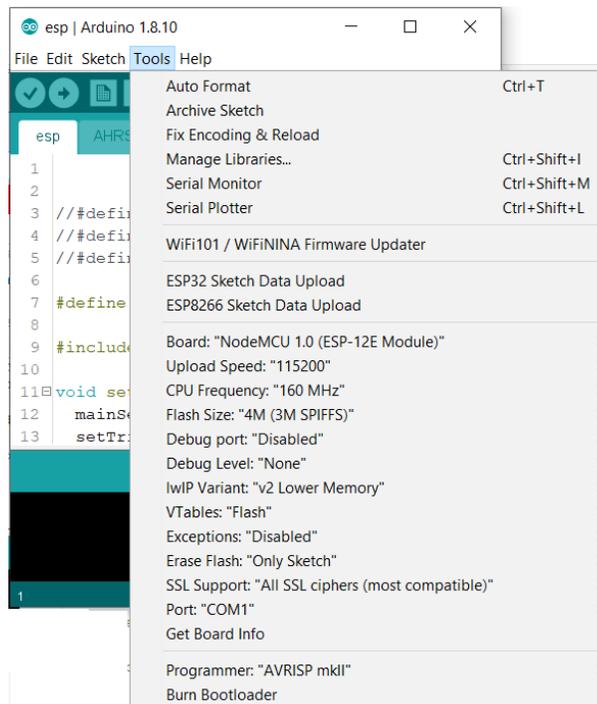
6-) Update Software:

6.1-) Update Main Software:

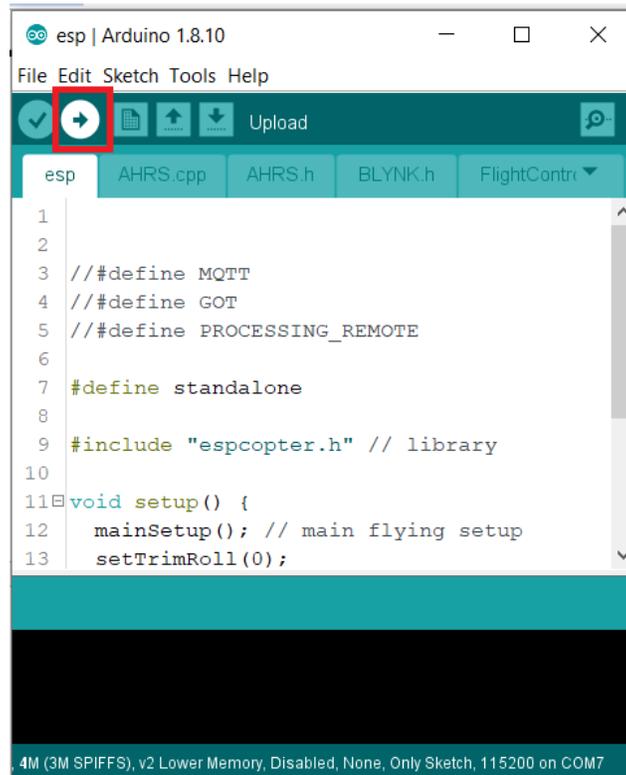
- To update the code, the drone must be turned on and connected to the computer via USB cable. Open the ESPcopter code from the ESPcopter Library in the Examples section.



- Make the necessary settings from the Tools section.

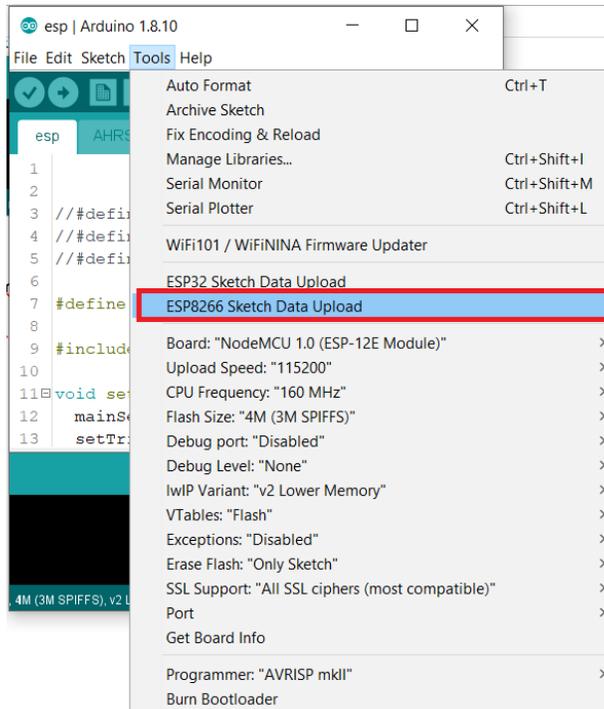


Upload the code by clicking the Upload button.



6.2-) Update Spiffs Memory:

- Make sure you have selected a board, port, and closed Serial Monitor.
- If your board requires you to press a button (or other action) to enter bootload mode for flashing a sketch, do that now.
- Select Tools > ESP8266 Sketch Data Upload. This should start uploading the files into ESP8266 flash file system. When done, IDE status bar will display `SPIFFS Image Uploaded` message.



After updating the main software and spiffs memory, updating software is completed.

7-) ESPcopter Arduino Special Commands:

7.1-) ESPcopter Control functions:

The LEDs and motors on the ESPcopter can be controlled using the functions found in this list.

Function	Input ange	Description
esp.redLed_Digital(boolean);	0 - 1 or FALSE - TRUE	Controls Red LED on/off
esp.blueLed_Digital(boolean);	0 - 1 or FALSE - TRUE	Controls Blue LED on/off
esp.greenLed_Digital(boolean);	0 - 1 or FALSE - TRUE	Controls Green LED on/off
setMotorSpeedFL(int);	0 - 255	Operates front left engine at desired power.
setMotorSpeedFR(int);	0 - 255	The front right operates the engine at the desired power.
setMotorSpeedRL(int);	0 - 255	Operates the rear left engine at the desired power.
setMotorSpeedRR(int);	0 - 255	The rear right operates the engine at the desired power.

7.2-) ESPcopter Control Table:

The control method of the ESPcopter can be changed using the definitions in this list. Only one definition should be activated from this list.

Function	Description	Control Device
#define STANDALONE	Standard operations	Web app – RemoteXY Remote
#define REMOTE_XY_OWN	Make your Own RemoteXY app	Phone - Tablet
#define FREECONTROL	No wiffi, You need to write code for communication	It might be anything

7.3-) ESPcopter Global Set Functions Definitions:

Function	Description	Value Range
setTrimRoll(int);	Trim on the X-axis.	-500 - 500
setTrimPitch(int);	Trim on the Y-axis.	-500 - 500
setTrimYaw(int);	Trim on the Z-axis	-500 - 500
setArmControl(boolean);	Set Motor arm or unarm	false - true
setFlyMode_1(boolean);	Set Yaw-axis stabilization enable or un-enable with magnetometer sensor	false - true
setFlyMode_2(boolean);	Set auto altitude hold mode enable or un-enable with optical flow module	false - true
setFlyMode_3(boolean);	Set Optical flow stable mode enable or un-enable with optical flow module	false - true
landing(boolean);	False it to force drone to land	false - true
setMotorMax(int);	Set maximum motor power	600-900

7.3-) ESPcopter Global Get Functions Definitions:

getRX_throttle();	Get Motor throttle value	0 – (motorMax)
getRX_roll();	Get roll remote value	-100 : + 100
getRX_pitch();	Get pitch remote value	-100 : + 100
getRX_yaw();	Get yaw remote value	-100 : + 100
getMpuAccelX();	Get accelerometer X-axis.	
getMpuAccelY();	Get accelerometer Y-axis	
getMpuAccelZ();	Get accelerometer Z-axis	
getMpuGyroX();	Get gyro X-axis	
getMpuGyroY();	Get gyro Y-axis	
getMpuGyroZ();	Get gyro Z-axis	
getMpuTemp();	Get IMU Temperature	
getMpuAttitudeX();	Get Filtered X-axis data	
getMpuAttitudeY();	Get Filtered Y-axis data	
getMpuAttitudeZ();	Get Filtered Z-axis data	
getMpuRateX();	Get Filtered Z-axis data	
getMpuRateY();	Get Filtered Z-axis data	
getSfVersion();	Get current software version	

7.4-) Autonomous Flight Commands:

Function	Description	Value Range
takeOff(Y, T);	When the command line runs, the drone automatically takes off.	Y: 200 - 1000 Height T: Flight time
goforward(T);	The drone moves forward during the duration.	T: Flight time
goBack(T);	During the T Time the drone moves back.	T: Flight time
goLeft(T);	The drone moves to the left during the duration.	T: Flight time
goRight(T);	The drone moves right through the time.	T: Flight time
turnRight(D);	D rotates right up to its own angle in angle.	D: Rotation angle
turnLeft(D);	The angle of D turns to the left in its own frame	D: Rotation angle
delay_(T);	It allows you to wait before executing the next command	T: Standby time
Land();	In autonomous flight mode, this must be at the end of the commands.	

7.5-) Altitude Hold Module:

Function	Description	Value Range
setVl5310xControl (boolean);	vl5310x module on-off	False - true
setTargetOto(int);	Set target altitude	250 - 1000
getOtoMeasure();	Get altitude data	0- 1200

7.6-) Buzzer Module:

Function	Description	Value range
esp.buzzer();	0 - 1 or FALSE - TRUE	On- Off buzzer

7.7-) Neopixel Module:

Function	Description	Value range
ESPrainbow();	Makes an automatic rainbow effect	
ESPsetPixel (x,r,g,b);	Set each led separately. After setting pixels call	X= 1 – 12 R(Red)= 0 - 255 G(Green)= 0 - 255 B(Blue)= 0 - 255
ESPpixelShow();	Applies the changes made with	

7.8 -) Optical Flow Module:

Function	Description	Value range
SetOptPoint_X(int)	Sets the speed of Drone using the optic flow sensor. If this value is equal to zero, the drone remains stationary in the x-axis. Positive moves right, Negative moves left	-15 - +15
SetOptPoint_Y(int)	Sets the speed of Drone using the optic flow sensor. If this value is equal to zero, the drone stops at the y axis. Positive goes forward, Negative- goes back	-15 - +15
getOptData_X()	Get optical flow sensor x data	Relative to the drone current speed
getOptData_Y()	Get optical flow sensor y data	Relative to the drone current speed

7.9-) Multi-Distance Module:

Function	Description	Value range
#define HandControl #define AntiCollision	Manual control or collision prevention system Must choose one or the other	
Distance_Y_1();	Y (+) axis distance data	50-1000
Distance_Y_0();	Y (-) axis distance data	50-1000
Distance_X_1();	X (+) axis distance data	50-1000
Distance_X_0();	X (-) axis distance data	50-1000

7.10 -) Other Commands

All other common Arduino and ESP8266 commands can be used in the library except for the following which will interfere with drone operation.

delay();
analogWrite();
Tone();